<ul> <li>What we already know:</li> <li>The chronology of British history (pre 1066) including the Stone, Bronze and Iron Ages, and the Roman, Anglo- Saxon and Viking invasions and settlements.</li> <li>The Normans invaded Britain in 1066 and at the Battle of Hastings, William I defeats King Harold, bringing an end to the Anglo-Saxon era.</li> <li>Who Simon of Sudbury is and the Peasants' Revolt.</li> <li>When Queen Victoria reigned and what life was like during this period.</li> </ul>				Year 6 – Crime and Punishment			<ul> <li>What's next?</li> <li>In KS3 pupils will be taught about</li> <li>The development of Church, state and society in Medieval Britain 1066-1509.</li> <li>The struggle between Church and crown.</li> <li>Magna Carta and the emergence of Parliament.</li> </ul>			
Roman Britain 55 B.C-450 A.D	Anglo-Saxons and Vikings 210 A.D-1066AD	Norman Britain 1066 A.D — 1154 A.D	Middle Ages 500AD-1500AD	Tudors 1485-1603		ituarts 03-1714	World War I 1914-1918	World War 2 1939-1945	New Millennium 2001-current time	
Story of E -England became a single I split into dipperent eras: An Tudors; Stuarks; Georgians; modern era. -The increasing power on R times meant that the monar the law was. -Punishments por crimes be barbaric to deter criminals. -The new laws set by Parlic like Poaching and Smugglir por poor people and easier IN the Victorian era, public matter more and things like were stopped because they unpopular.	ringdom is commonly glo-Saxons; Medieval; Victorians and the ne monarchy in Tudor ch determined what came more and more ument around things ig made lipe harder for the rich.	<ul> <li>Tax laws in Anglo-Saxo got richer and more pow way out of punishments.</li> <li>The poor were taxed he survive without breaking stories of Robin Hood.</li> <li>In Tudor times the power of the monarchy increases. The King was seen as being appointed by God and therefore all powerpul.</li> <li>During Stuart times, mo the monarchy and the ch</li> </ul>	the law — hence the	Economy and	rade	and God was s of all things (n amongst the di that this led to -Christianity co Henry VIII bro Catholic Church England. This country. -The division b and Protestant behind the Gur -In Stuart time church lost son Parliament bec laws were set.	es, the monarchy and ne of its power as :ame the main place where nes, religion has a lot less t	T Punishment Laws Crime T Justice - t and jair. Oath - a Outlaw - a law" usuall committed s Monarchy is run by a Treason - country. Parliament government Dependant sued or acc	person who is "outside the y because they have serious crime. - a porm op government that single person. the crime op betraying one's t - lawmaking group, in the	